Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania, Rare Book & Manuscript Library, Ms. Codex 0597

Description: ff. 77 - Contemporary vellum binding - Formerly owned by Henry Charles Lea, 1886 (bookplate, inside upper cover). Bequest of Henry Charles Lea, 1909 - Zacour and Hirsch, Catalogue of Manuscripts in the Libraries of the University of Pennsylvania to 1800, Philadelphia 1965, p. 183 (Ms. Lea 173)

Number of Parts: 1 - *Number of Images Available:* 0

Direct Link: http://ds.lib.berkeley.edu/Ms.Codex0597_27

Language: Italian *Century:* 16th

Part 1: pp. 1-154

Description: - Paper - 214 mm x 161 mm

Country:

Cardinal point:

Region:

City:

Assigned Date: s. XVI/XVII

Searchable Date Range: 1590 - 1610

Dated by scribe: No

Inscribed Date:

Document: Yes

Number of Scribes:

Notes: Latin

Number of Texts: 3

Text 1: pp. 1-51

Title: Vita di Bartolomeo Garosi

Language(s): Italian

Incipit: Nacque Brandano l'anno del Signore 1483 in Pretoria

Notes: Biography of Bartolomeo Carosi, or Garosi, born ca. 1488 in Petroio (in this account Pretoria), province of Siena. Known as Brandano, "the madman of Jesus Christ," he was one of the itinerant apocalyptic preachers or "romiti" who flourished in Italy around the time of the Sack of Rome. This biography describes in detail his conversion, his devotions, his preaching activities, his miracles, and, in particular, the political bent soon taken on by his preaching: it claims that Brandano's influence on the popular classes was a significant factor in the Sienese revolt against the Spanish garrison in 1552. There is a different life of Brandano in UPenn Ms. Codex 287

Text 2: pp. 53-58

Title: Vita di Cecco d'Ascoli

Language(s): Italian

Incipit: La morte di Cecco d'Ascoli seguita in Firenze l'anno mille trecento venti octo

Notes: An astrologer executed for heresy by the Inquisition in Florence in 1328

Text 3: pp. 59-65

Title: Morte di Giuliano de' Medici

Language(s): Italian

Incipit: Nella chiesa di Santa Maria del Fiore si scoprì un trattato

Notes: This biography describes the death of Giuliano de' Medici, younger brother of Lorenzo il Magnifico, killed during the Pazzi conspiracy in 1478